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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/686,402	10/15/2003	James L. Holeman SR.	01-1110.02	6836
21491 7590 05/09/2007 LANIER FORD SHAVER & PAYNE P O BOX 2087 HUNTSVILLE, AL 35804			EXAMINER YUEN, KAN	
			ART UNIT 2616	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 05/09/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b> 10/686,402	<b>Applicant(s)</b> HOLEMAN, JAMES L.	
	<b>Examiner</b> Kan Yuen	<b>Art Unit</b> 2616	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 October 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-28 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-28 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 15 October 2003 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)            | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)   | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____                                      |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>02/23/2004</u> .  | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                          |

### ***Detailed Action***

#### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

1. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1, 4, 6, 8-13, 15, 18-22, 24, 27, and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aiello et al (Pub No.: 2005/0276255), in view of Bilgic (Pat No.: 6256492).

For claim 1 Aiello et al. disclosed the method of a first plurality of bits and a second plurality of bits, the first and second plurality of bits addressing a range of nodes that should respond to the node register command (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0071, lines 1-15, and see fig. 4), As revealed in the reference, the TDMA frames has broken down to many sections, the sections 64a-n provides data transmission time for a corresponding slave device 14a-n of network 10; and responsive to detecting a

response, determining a responding node corresponding to the response and designating the responding node as registered (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25), as revealed in the paragraph, the unregistered slave device transmits a response, which can be interpreted as unregistered device determines that they should response. However, Aiello et al. did not disclosed the method of a plurality of time slot delays; during each of the plurality of time slot delays, listening to the network for a response from a node in the range of nodes, the node determined by each of the plurality of time slot delays. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of a plurality of time slot delays; during each of the plurality of time slot delays, listening to the network for a response from a node in the range of nodes, the node determined by each of the plurality of time slot delays (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base station and mobile station, therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication forward, and the other is backward. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. being that it provides simultaneously responses from the slave devices to the master device.

Regarding to claim 4, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of transmitting the confirmation packet; during each of the second plurality of time slot delays, transmitting a signal based on a registration status of a corresponding node, the signal being a

confirmation of the registration of the corresponding node (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25), as revealed in the paragraph, the master transmits a confirmation command to the slave device to indicate that the slave is in status "online". However, Aiello et al. did not disclose the method of a second plurality of time slot delays. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of a second plurality of time slot delays (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base station and mobile station, therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication forward, and the other is backward. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. being that it provides simultaneously responses from the slave devices to the master device.

Regarding to claim 6, Aiello et al. all the subject matter of the claimed invention with the exception of each of the plurality of time slot delays is a response period during which at most one node may transmit a message in response to the node register command. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of each of the plurality of time slot delays is a response period during which at most one node may transmit a message in response to the node register command (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base

station and mobile station, therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication forward, and the other is backward. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. being that it provides simultaneously responses from the slave devices to the master device.

Regarding to claim 8, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of at a node, receiving a node register command addressing a range of nodes, the node register command comprising a plurality of time slot delays; determining whether the node is in the range of addressed nodes (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0071, lines 1-15, and see fig. 4), As revealed in the reference, the TDMA frames has broken down to many sections, the sections 64a-n provides data transmission time for a corresponding slave device 14a-n of network 10 ; and responsive to determining that the node is in the range of addressed nodes, waiting for a proper time slot delay, the proper time slot delay being one of the plurality of time slot delays, the proper time slot delay corresponds to the node (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4); As revealed in the reference, the master device 12 periodically broadcasts an ALOHA message to invite slave devices to send their pending protocol messages for registration. The ALOHA broadcast is transmitted in command section 26 in every three seconds. Also, in fig. 3a the free time blocks 36a through 36n separates the assigned data slots 30a through 30n. Therefore we can interpret the time blocks 36a-n is the time slot delays. However Aiello et al. did not disclose the method of transmitting a message during the proper time slot delay, the

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message being a response to the node register command. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of transmitting a message during the proper time slot delay, the message being a response to the node register command (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base station and mobile station, therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication forward, and the other is backward. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. being that it provides simultaneously responses from the slave devices to the master device.

Regarding to claim 9, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of the message is a 'true' signal (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4), the true signal can be interpreted as the response from the slave device is successfully transmitted to the master device.

Regarding to claim 10, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of setting a tentatively registered flag (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4). As shown in the paragraph, the status of the slave device is maintained and tracked by master state table, which it can be interpreted as registered flag.

Regarding to claim 11, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of receiving a confirmation packet comprising a second plurality of time slot delays (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4); during the assigned time slot delay,

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listening for a confirmation message (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4), after the slave device transmitted a response, it is waiting for the confirmation message from the master, which can be interpreted as listening for confirmation message; and responsive to detecting a confirmation message, setting a registered flag (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4), after the slave is registered, the master stores the status in the master table. However, Aiello et al. did not disclose the method of a second plurality of time slot delays; waiting for an assigned time slot delay, the assigned time slot delay being one of the second plurality of time slot delays. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of waiting for an assigned time slot delay, the assigned time slot delay being one of the second plurality of time slot delays (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base station and mobile station, therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication forward, and the other is backward. Therefore, this method can be used in confirmation packet as taught by Aiello et al. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. being that it provides simultaneously responses from the slave devices to the master device.

Regarding to claim 12, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of the confirmation message is a 'true' signal (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4),



the true signal can be interpreted as the response from the slave device is successfully transmitted to the master device.

Regarding to claim 13, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of using executable program or software (see paragraph 0070, lines 1-10) of a like to transmit a node register command over a network, the node register command comprising: a first plurality of bits and a second plurality of bits, the first and second plurality of bits addressing a range of nodes that should respond to the node register command (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0071, lines 1-15, and see fig. 4), As revealed in the reference, the TDMA frames has broken down to many sections, the sections 64a-n provides data transmission time for a corresponding slave device 14a-n of network 10; and during each of the plurality of time slot delays, listen to the network for the response message (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4), after the slave device transmitted a response, it is waiting for the confirmation message from the master, which can be interpreted as listening for confirmation message; and responsive to detecting a response message, determine a responding one of the range of nodes that transmitted the response message and designate the one of the range of nodes as registered (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25), as revealed in the paragraph, in order for the slave devices to communicate with each other, they must be registered with the master device. The master device comprises a master state table, which indicates a record of if the slave devices are currently registered or not. However, Aiello et al. did not disclose the method of a plurality of time slot delays, each of the plurality of time slot delays designated for one of the range of nodes to transmit a response

message. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of a plurality of time slot delays, each of the plurality of time slot delays designated for one of the range of nodes to transmit a response message (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base station and mobile station, therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication forward, and the other is backward. Therefore, this method can be used in confirmation packet as taught by Aiello et al. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. being that it provides simultaneously responses from the slave devices to the master device.

Regarding to claim 15, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of create a confirmation packet comprising a second plurality of time slot delays (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4); transmit the confirmation packet; and during each of the second plurality of time slot delays, transmit a confirmation message to indicate confirmation of the registration of a corresponding node, the corresponding node being one of the range of nodes (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25), as revealed in the paragraph, the master transmits a confirmation command to the slave device to indicate that the slave is in status "online".

Regarding to claim 18, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of a computer-readable storage medium having stored thereon computer instructions that, when executed by a

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computer (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0070, lines 1-15), cause the computer to: receive a node register command addressing a range of nodes, the node register command comprising a plurality of time slot delays (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0071, lines 1-15, and see fig. 4), As revealed in the reference, the TDMA frames has broken down to many sections, the sections 64a-n provides data transmission time for a corresponding slave device 14a-n of network 10; determine whether to respond to the node register command (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25), as revealed in the paragraph, the unregistered slave device transmits a response, which can be interpreted as unregistered device determines that they should response; and responsive to determining to respond to the node register command, transmit a message during an assigned time slot delay, the assigned time slot delay being one of the plurality of time slot delays, the message being a response to the node register command (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25), as revealed in the paragraph, in order for the slave devices to communicate with each other, they must be registered with the master device. The master device comprises a master state table, which indicates a record of if the slave devices are currently registered or not. However, Aiello et al. did not disclose the method of a plurality of time slot delays. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of a plurality of time slot delays (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base station and mobile station, therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication forward, and the other is backward. Therefore, this method can be used

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in confirmation packet as taught by Aiello et al. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. being that it provides simultaneously responses from the slave devices to the master device.

Regarding to claim 19, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of the computer instructions that receive the node register command further comprise computer instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to set a tentatively registered flag (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4). As shown in the paragraph, the status of the slave device is maintained and tracked by master state table, which it can be interpreted as registered flag.

Regarding to claim 20, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of receive a confirmation packet comprising a second plurality of time slot delays; wait for an assigned time slot delay, the assigned time slot delay being one of the second plurality of time slot delays (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4); during the assigned time slot delay, listening for a confirmation message (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4), after the slave device transmitted a response, it is waiting for the confirmation message from the master, which can be interpreted as listening for confirmation message; and responsive to detecting a confirmation message, setting a registered flag (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4), after the slave is registered, the master stores the status in the master table. However, Aiello et al. did not disclose the method of a plurality of time slot

delays. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of a plurality of time slot delays (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base station and mobile station, therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication forward, and the other is backward. Therefore, this method can be used in confirmation packet as taught by Aiello et al. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. being that it provides simultaneously responses from the slave devices to the master device.

Regarding to claim 21, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of the confirmation message is a '1' signal (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4), the 1 signal can be interpreted as the response from the slave device is successfully transmitted to the master device.

Regarding to claim 22, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of the message is a '1' signal (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4), the 1 signal can be interpreted as the response from the slave device is successfully transmitted to the master device.

Regarding to claim 24, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of a system for deterministic registration for communication networks comprising: a means for transmitting a node register command over a network, the node register command

addressing a plurality of nodes that should respond to the node register command, the node register command comprising a plurality of time slot delays, each of the plurality of time slot delays designated for one of the plurality of addressed nodes to transmit a response message (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0071, lines 1-15, and see fig. 4), As revealed in the reference, the TDMA frames has broken down to many sections, the sections 64a-n provides data transmission time for a corresponding slave device 14a-n of network 10; and a means for detecting a transmission of a response message during each of the plurality of time slot delays; a means for determining a responding node responsive to detecting a response message, the responding node being one of the plurality of addressed nodes (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25), as revealed in the paragraph, the unregistered slave device transmits a response, which can be interpreted as unregistered device determines that they should response; and a means for designating the responding node as registered (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25), as revealed in the paragraph, in order for the slave devices to communicate with each other, they must be registered with the master device. The master device comprises a master state table, which indicates a record of if the slave devices are currently registered or not. However, Aiello et al. did not disclose the method of a plurality of time slot delays. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of a plurality of time slot delays (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base station and mobile station, therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication

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forward, and the other is backward. Therefore, this method can be used in confirmation packet as taught by Aiello et al. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. being that it provides simultaneously responses from the slave devices to the master device.

Regarding to claim 25, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of a means for creating a confirmation packet comprising a second plurality of time slot delays (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4); a means for transmitting the confirmation packet; and a means for transmitting a confirmation message to indicate confirmation of the registration of the responding node during an appropriate one of the second plurality of time slot delays (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25), as revealed in the paragraph, in order for the slave devices to communicate with each other, they must be registered with the master device. The master device comprises a master state table, which indicates a record of if the slave devices are currently registered or not.

Regarding to claim 27, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of system for registering during a deterministic registration process comprising: a means for receiving a node register command, the node register command addresses a plurality of nodes, the node register command comprising a plurality of time slot delays (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4); a means for determining whether to respond to the node register command; and a means for transmit a message during an assigned time slot delay in response to determining to respond to the node register command, the

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assigned time slot delay being one of the plurality of time slot delays, the message being a response to the node register command (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25), as revealed in the paragraph, the unregistered slave device transmits a response, which can be interpreted as unregistered device determines that they should response. However, Aiello et al. did not disclose the method of a plurality of time slot delays. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of a plurality of time slot delays (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base station and mobile station, therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication forward, and the other is backward. Therefore, this method can be used in confirmation packet as taught by Aiello et al. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. being that it provides simultaneously responses from the slave devices to the master device.

Regarding to claim 28, Aiello et al. disclosed the method of a means for receiving a confirmation packet, the confirmation packet comprising a second plurality of time slot delays (Aiello et al. see paragraph 0078, lines 1-25, and see fig. 4); a means for detecting a confirmation message during an assigned time slot delay, the assigned time slot delay being one of the plurality of time slot delays; and a means for setting a registered flag in response to detecting the confirmation message (Aiello et al. see



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paragraph 0078, lines 1-25), as revealed in the paragraph, the master transmits a confirmation command to the slave device to indicate that the slave is in status "online". However, Aiello et al. did not disclose the method of a plurality of time slot delays. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of a plurality of time slot delays (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base station and mobile station, therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication forward, and the other is backward. Therefore, this method can be used in confirmation packet as taught by Aiello et al. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Aiello et al. being that it provides

4. Claims 2, 3, 7, 14, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aiello et al (Pub No.: 2005/0276255), in view of Bilgic (Pat No.: 6256492), as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Padovani et al. (Pat No.: 6574211).

For claim 2, Aiello et al. and Bilgic disclosed all the subject matter of the claimed invention with the exception of the second plurality of bits are padded with zeros. Padovani et al. from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of the second plurality of bits are padded with zeros (Padovani et al. see column 24, lines 26-

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32). Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Padovani et al. in the network of Aiello et al. and Bilgic. The motivation for using the method as taught by Padovani et al. in the network of Aiello et al. and Bilgic being that it provide uniform data slots in the system.

Regarding to claim 3, Padovani et al. also disclosed the method of the node register command further comprises a third plurality of bits (Padovani et al. see column 21 lines 23-35, and see fig. 4A). In the figure 4A, the traffic channel is fragmented into plurality of frames, and each frame comprises 16 time slots and each time slot is further fragmented into 4 quarter slots, therefore we can interpreted that each quarter slot represents each bit, and there are 16 sets of quarter bits in this frame. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Padovani et al. in the network of Aiello et al. and Bilgic. The motivation for using the method as taught by Padovani et al. in the network of Aiello et al. and Bilgic being that it performs simultaneous tasks at each time slot.

Regarding to claim 7, Padovani et al. also disclosed the method of during each of the second plurality of time slot delays, not transmitting a signal if the corresponding node is not registered (Padovani et al. see column 7, lines 1-6).

Regarding to claim 14, Padovani et al. also disclosed the method of the second plurality of bits is padded with zeros (Padovani et al. see column 24, lines 26-32).

Regarding to claim 16, Padovani et al. also disclosed the method of during a portion of each of the plurality of time slot delays, determine a level of noise in the

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network; and set a threshold for a good signal, the threshold being above the level of noise (Padovani et al. see column 4, lines 26-43), since the reference also teaches the duplex communication between the base and mobile stations, we can call at each time slot, the slot comprise of two portion, and one of the portion can be the time slot delay. Moreover, the mobile measures the C/I of the forward link signals, which can be interpreted as, determine a level of noise. The mobile also selects the best base station using highest data rate, which is the threshold.

Regarding to claim 17, Padovani et al. also disclosed the method of each of the plurality of time slot delays comprises a calibration period and a response transmission period (Padovani et al. see column 16, lines 48-67, and see column 17, lines 1-7).

5. Claim 23 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Podovani et al. (Pat No.: 6574211), in view of Bilgic (Pat No.: 6256492).

For claim 23, Podovani et al. disclosed the method of determining a ceiling of the level of ambient noise; setting a threshold for a good signal to a predetermined level above the ceiling of the level of ambient noise (Padovani et al. see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 6, lines 49-67), since the reference also teaches the duplex communication between the base and mobile stations, we can call at each time slot, the slot comprise of two portion, and one of the portion can be the time slot delay. Moreover, the mobile measures the C/I of the forward link signals, which can be interpreted as, determine a level of noise. The mobile also selects the best base station

using highest data rate, which means the mobile sets a highest threshold level. The highest threshold level can be ceiling of level; and during a second portion of the time slot delay, listening to the network for a signal (Padovani et al. see column 5, lines 44-67), as shown in the reference, the mobile is waiting for a signal from base station at different time slots. The time slots can be interpreted as time slot delays. However, Padovani et al. did not disclose the method of a plurality of time slot delays shows two portion of time slot. Bilgic from the same or similar fields of endeavor teaches the method of a plurality of time slot delays (Bilgic see fig. 2, and see column 4, lines 66-67, and see column 5, lines 1-10), as shown in the reference, the frame is broken down into slot for duplex communication between base station and mobile station, and each slot has two portions, and therefore we can interpreted that each slot has two section, one is communication forward, and the other is backward. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Padovani et al. The motivation for using the method as taught by Bilgic in the network of Padovani et al. being that it provides simultaneously responses from the slave devices to the master device.

6. Claims 5 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aiello et al (Pub No.: 2005/0276255), in view of Bilgic (Pat No.: 6256492), as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Gehring et al. (Pub No.: 2004/0090983).

For claim 5, Aiello et al. and Bilgic disclosed all the subject matter of the claimed invention with the exception of during each of the plurality of time slot delays, calibrating a receiver during a first portion of each of the plurality of time slot delays. Gehring et al. from the same of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention teaches the method of during each of the plurality of time slot delays, calibrating a receiver during a first portion of each of the plurality of time slot delays (Gehring et al. see paragraph 0069, lines 1-15). The reference teaches that the slave sync symbols 42a-n are used by a source slave device for providing timing synchronization signals to a corresponding target slave device to accommodate for propagation delays. Therefore, we can interpret that during the delay, the sync symbols are used between target and source slave devices to accommodate (calibrate) for propagation delays. Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Gehring et al. in the network of Aiello et al. and Bilgic. The motivation for using the method as taught by Gehring et al. in the network of Aiello et al. and Bilgic being that balance the communication between devices compatibility in the system.

Regarding to claim 26, Gehring et al. also disclosed the method of a means for calibrating a receiver during a portion of each of the plurality of time slot delays (Gehring et al. see paragraph 0069, lines 1-15). The reference teaches that the slave sync symbols 42a-n are used by a source slave device for providing timing synchronization signals to a corresponding target slave device to accommodate for propagation delays. Therefore, we can interpret that during the delay, the sync symbols are used between

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target and source slave devices to accommodate (calibrate) for propagation delays.

Thus, it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the method as taught by Gehring et al. in the network of Aiello et al. and Bilgic. The motivation for using the method as taught by Gehring et al. in the network of Aiello et al. and Bilgic being that balance the communication between devices compatibility in the system.

### ***Conclusion***

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Arai et al. (Pat No.: 7068677), Wright (Pat No.: 6771634), and Bahl (Pat No.: 7009994), are show systems which considered pertinent to the claimed invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kan Yuen whose telephone number is 571-270-2413. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 10:00a.m-3:00p.m EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ricky O. Ngo can be reached on 571-272-3139. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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